more than the employment opportunities available for them. Apart from Ministry of Agriculture and other departments of Government of India, agricultural engineers also find employment in State Governments, private organizations, self employment etc.,

(b) Number of Agricultural Engineers appointed under the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India during last three years (1992—94) are 80 numbers in respect of Deptt. of Agriculture & Cooperation, Scientific category under Indian Council of Agricultural Research and personnel appointed under Krishi Vigyan Kendras of its Extension Division.

(c) The information regarding the number of agricultural engineers appointed the Suheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes and other backward classes is being collected.

[illegible] have been made to recruit agricultural engineers belonging to Scheduled castes/Tribes as per existing policies of the Government of India.

Regulating Capitation Fee in Medical and Engineering Colleges

*57. SHRI INDER KUMAR GUJRAL: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering to review afresh the guidelines and norms evolved for regulating capitation fee in medical and engineering colleges in the wake of 1992 Supreme Court judgement in the case of Mohini Jain Vs. State of Kernataka which had declared education a fundamental right for all citizens;

(b) whether Government are aware that new directives concerning admission to pravite professional institutions continue to be openly flouted at times with the connivance of State Government thus preventing meritorious students coming from middle and lower strata of society for getting admission to these institutions; and

(c) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) The Supreme Court in its judgement of 30th July, 1992 in the case of Mohini Jain Vs. State of Karnataka declared, among other things, education as a fundamental right for all citizens. While reconsidering this judgement the Supreme Court delivered another judgement on 4-2-1993 in the case of Unnikdishnan and others Vs. State of Andhra Pradesh and laid down a scheme regulating admission and fee structure in private, professional, unaided institutions. While the All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE) has issued Regulations in respect of technical institutions on 20th May, 1994; the Regulations concerning medical, dental and nursing education are in the process of notification under the Acts of the respective Councils.

(b) and (c) The State Governments have been asked to ensure strict compliance and implementation of regulations of the AICTE. Cases of violations, if any, would be dealt with under the provisions in the Acts/Regulations by the respective statutory councils.

Museum in Red Fort by Archaeological Survey of India

*58. SHRI JAGIR SINGH DARD:
SHRI VIRENDRA KATARIA:

Will the Minrster of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) propose to build a museum in the Red Fort commemorating the Indian National Army's role in the freedom struggle; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The proposed museum will be housed in the barracks, where the trial of the INA personnel took place. This is awaiting formal transfer to ASI from Defence Ministry. Simultenously the ASI has initiated steps to contact National Archives, New Delhi, Netaji Research Bureau, Calcutta, Teen Murti Library, New Delhi and such other organisations to provide photographs, documents and other material for display in the proposed Museum. The related materials available in War Memorial Museum at Red Fort such as arms, amunitions, dresses and badges of army officers would also be displayed in the museum when it starts.

News paper Report on Anarchy in Irrigation Projects

*59. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a news-item that appeared in 'The Hindustan Times' dated 8th October, 1994 under the caption 'Anarchy prevails in Irrigation Projects', wherein it has been stated that execution of these projects is tardy;

(b) if so, Government's reaction thereto and the steps Government propose to take to ensure speedy completion of these projects; and

(c) whether Government have any monitoring system about these projects; if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES AND THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI VIDYACHARAN SHUKLA): (a) to (c) 158 major, 226 medium and 98 extension/renovation/modernisation (ERM) irrigation projects envisaging ultimate irrigation potential of 2,48,12,000 hectares and estimated to cost Rs. 65,576 crores spilled over into VIII Plan. VIII Plan outlay for these projects is Rs. 22,400 crores against an amount of Rs. 40,563 crores required for their completion. Keeping in view the project-wise VIII Plan outlay, 55 major, 98 medium and 15 ERM projects are scheduled for completion in the VIII Plan.

Irrigation is a State subject and irrigation projects are planned, formulated and funded by the States out of their plan resources. However, to ensure timely completion of irrigation projects, the Central Water Commission has been entrusted with monitoring of selected projects.

नागरिकों की मोटे अनाजों पर निर्भरता

*60. श्री अजीत जोगी : क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या गरीबी की रेखा से नीचे रह रहे 40 प्रतिशत नागरिक अपनी खाद्य आवश्यकताओं के लिए गेहूं और चावल के बजाय मोटे अनाजों पर निर्भर रहते हैं ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या ज्वार, मक्का, बाजरा जैसे [illegible] की औसत उत्पादन [illegible] श्चित है;

(ग) यदि हां, तो इनका ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(घ) क्या इस संबंध में अनुसंधान कार्य शुरू करने की काफी संभावना है ;